

A Survey on Communication for Smartphone

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Abstract-Nowadays security and privacy issues are getting more and more important for people using state of the art communication tools like mobile smartphones or internet. As the power and feature of smartphones increases, so has their vulnerability. By using short range wireless communication smartphones communicate each other. But the data confidentiality is not guaranteed. In barcode and Near Field Communication enabled devices the smartphones exchange information by simple touch. The main drawback of Near Field Communication and barcode systems is the vulnerable nature to attack since they are using key exchange then encrypt techniques. In the smartphones with android platform, it is possible to provide security against all the attacks by securely exchanging message or data without using key exchange protocol. PriWhisper is a technique that enables keyless secure acoustic communication for smartphones and provides better security as well as data confidentiality.

I. INTRODUCTION

Androids are the most common platform on which smartphones are built. It is an open source operating system. Android applications can use advanced level of hardware and software, as well as local and server data, exposed through the platform to bring innovation and value to consumers. Smartphones must have high security mechanism to ensure security of user data, information, application and network. Smartphones are not secure as it appears. There are many security problems faced by the smartphones that are being based developed on android operating system. Some of them are they have no security scan over the application being uploaded. There are even some applications that can exploit the services of another application without permission request. The main advantage of smartphones is the fastest way of communication that is through simple touch. The smartphone communicates through short range wireless communication. This short range wireless communication have been used in many security sensitive smartphone applications and services such as contact-less micro payment and device pairing.

The common approach of the short range wireless communication in smartphones is through key exchange the encryption. Here the sender and the receiver has to first utilize Diffie-Hellman key exchange protocol to set up a common secret key at the beginning of each session. But this requires some time for message exchanging. Sometimes this may dominate the entire communication session. Thus this is not much effective. It is always better to have keyless communication.

Most of the transactions using smartphones are taking place in public. Thus data confidentiality is not guaranteed. This is the most highlighted vulnerability while using Near Field Communication and barcode system. Due to its fundamental design principles, the visual nature of barcode based short range communication makes them extremely vulnerable to shoulder sniffing. The availability of the cameras in the public place even helps the attacker to hack the system. So it is very much needed to provide security against this defect. One of the security enrichment that is used to increase the privacy protection during pervasive network use is by using PriWhisper. This provides better security than Near Field Communication and barcode system. The main advantage is that it can withstand eavesdropping, shoulder sniffing etc. PriWhisper uses a keyless secure acoustic communication. It is purely based on aerial acoustic communication. It is realized by system that offers great compatibilities

to various smartphone platforms without any additional hardware requirement. Priwhisper can be implemented in any smartphone that contains a speaker and micro-phone.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

Barcode System

Barcode system is a network of hardware and soft-ware consisting of mobile computers, printers, handled scanners, infrastructure etc. It is used to automate data collection where hand recording is neither timely or cost effective. They are not radio frequency identification (RFID) system. Unencrypted barcodes poses threat. Barcode system can be easily hacked through value cloning, value overow and code injection. Public Key infrastructure and digital signature helps to increase the efficiency of bar code system but their ex-pense and cumbersome infrastructure have found limited acceptance, roll out to remote and diverse locations is not always feasible due to expense or infrastructure requirements and there are lingering uncertainties about positive originator identification.

Near Field Communication

Near Field Communication is a type of contactless wireless technology used for sending information or making payments. This enables low power radio communication between two Near Field Communication enabled devices by simple touch. By embedding an NFC chip inside a smartphone a company can create a virtual wallet where user store credit card information and can pay at store simply by waving their smartphone over credit card reader. The small NFC chips inside the smartphone generates an electromagnetic field. This field is received by an NFC tag found in a card reader, a smart poster etc. The tag contains information and using the electromagnetic field as its power supply, sends this information to the smartphone. Security problem faced are eavesdropping, data manipulation or corruption, viruses. NFC compactable devices can only communicate when they are within 4cm of each other. NFC tags never power themselves. NFC is similar to bluetooth but offers faster and easier connection between smartphones. The main disadvantage is that it does not provide any protection against eavesdropping.

Eavesdropping occurs when a third party intercepts the signal sent between two devices. Data manipulation or corruption occurs when a third party intercepts the signal being sent, alters it and sends it on its way. The information the receiving party gets may not want to steal the information. The attacker simply wants to prevent the correct information from getting through. This is also known as denial of service. Near Field Communication allow users to store valuable bank account and credit card information on their smartphone thus making them a target. Near Field Communication secure channel ensure Near Field Communication security is to use an Near Field Secure channel. It uses a standard key agreement protocols such as Diffie-Hellman because of the inherent protection has against man in the middle attack. Here shared key can be used to derive a symmetric key which can be then used for near field communication secure channel.

Near Field Communication is an intriguing innovation. Some of its advantages are

- convenience
- versatility
- safety
- NFC enabled credit cards are much more secure than a credit card magnetic strip
- Requires PIN

The main disadvantage is the security itself. It is expensive to implement.

Priwhisper

This overcomes all the defects of Near Field Communication. A keyless acoustic communication is being used. The reason for using aerial acoustic is that it does not require line of sight, computational power is sufficient enough to modulate/demodulate acoustic signal using acoustic modem. In order to achieve keyless secure communication, friendly jamming technique from radio communication is used. The inseparability of data signal and jamming signal is checked by using blind signal segmentation technique. PriWhisper is implemented in smartphone environment. Materials required are microphone and a speaker. Similar to Near Field Communication is achieved by using simple touch. PriWhisper automatically initializes the keyless acoustic communication when two smartphones are close to each other. The two devices must be placed within 0.5 cm. Both the sender and receiver need to send an audible acoustic signal during secure communication and its length is 1-2 seconds. The eavesdropping can be done even through multiple or single sensors. To provide better data confidentiality and to provide security against the eavesdropping PriWhisper is developed. The attacking can be done through either offline or online phase. In online phase the mixture signals are collected by attackers multiple microphones through the air medium. Offline phase hacker tries to estimate the data signal using blind signal segmentation.

Priwhisper provides secure communication in the presence of both passive eavesdropping and its security against active adversaries. The multiple sensor eavesdroppers try to separate the data signal from his or her recorded mixture signals. The eavesdroppers are allowed to place their sensors at any fixed locations in prior to the acoustic short range communication. Priwhisper is also evaluated based on the blind signal segmentation. Blind Signal Segmentation is nothing else but the technique that aims to separate several simultaneously active source signals from a set of mixed signals without any additional knowledge of the source signal. The results show that it is very much difficult to separate the data signal and the jamming signal. ICA is one of the most successful Blind Signal Segmentation.

Priwhisper architecture consists of aerial acoustic communication. The narrow sense Bose, Chaudhuri and Hocquenghem error correcting code is used as the channel coding algorithm. The signal is transmitted by the sender's speaker and collected by the receiver's microphone through the air medium. The received acoustic signal is demodulated by the demodulator and then channel decoded. Priwhisper uses a jamming signal in order to protect the original data signal. The jamming signal strength should be selected such that it will be within the decibel level of the receiver's speaker hardware. To guarantee the confidentiality of the transmitted data the system has to adjust the data signal strength of the sender adaptively. The optimal decibel level of the data signal should be merely strong enough for the legitimated receiver to demodulate it without error. Once the system bit error rate performance for different signal to noise ratio is known, the sender can adaptively select the optimal signal strength according to its current environmental noise level.

Jamming signal generation is very much important because this generated signal needs to protect the data signal. The length of each communication session is specified. But this is expensive for the smartphone environment. Also it is impossible to adopt the jamming signal cancellation technique that is used in many existing friendly jamming based radio communication systems. The security level of Priwhisper largely depends on the distance between the sender and receiver's speakers.

III. RELATED WORK

Friendly jamming technique was first proposed by Negi and Goel in 2005. In their work the jamming signals are generated from the null space of legitimate receivers channel vector and thus the jamming signal does not affect the receiver but others eavesdroppers at different locations. Gollakota et al. first extend friendly jamming technique to a single duplex receiver in 2011. Their system uses a specialized hardware and thus limits its application in many scenarios. The security analysis in here is hand waving without any quantitative evaluation. But there is a chance for attack. PriWhisper is capable enough to overcome this defect.

	Priwhisper	NFC
Additional hardware	not required	required
Smartphone	supported	not supported
Security	over	does not over
Communication	simple touch	simple touch
Transmission rate	high	sufficient

IV. CONCLUSIONS

PriWhisper enabled keyless secure acoustic communication in smartphones and is capable of providing data confidentiality for all kind of short range communications taking place in the smartphones. It overcomes all the defects of NFC. Since acoustic signals is used as it travels in air medium the signal fades thus the eavesdroppers received mixed signal will not be the same as that being sent by the sender. The jamming signal is initiated by the receiver thus it will be very much difficult for attacker to remove the exact jamming signal.

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